City of Cresco

RECORD RETENTION POLICY

Note: This policy was adapted from the Iowa League of Cities 2012 Record Retention Manual for Iowa Cities.

PURPOSE

This records policy is intended to assist officials of the City of Cresco in the management of records created and received in the conduct of city business. Ideally, records should facilitate the efficient, economical operation of municipal government, not impede it. This policy suggests methods of controlling records that can help convert a potential liability into an asset.

POLICY

The City's method of controlling records is to establish a timetable, or schedule, for destroying records that are no longer needed. The largest section of this policy consists of such schedules for records. These schedules list categories of records, or series, and indicate minimum periods of time city officials need to keep them for administrative, legal, fiscal, or historical purposes. The recommended retention periods consider the requirements of the *Code of Iowa*, the Iowa Administrative Code and federal law. In cases where no law exists concerning appropriate retention periods, various state and city officials who work with records were consulted.

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PUBLIC RECORDS DEFINED

Code of Iowa Section 22.1(3) defines the term "public records" relative to examination of government records:

As used in this section, "public records" includes all records, documents, tape, or other information, stored or preserved in any medium, of or belonging to the City of Cresco as provided in Chapter 174, whose facilities or indebtedness are supported in whole or in part with property tax revenue and which is licensed to conduct pari-mutuel wagering pursuant to Chapter 99D, or tax-supported district in this state, or any branch, department, board, commission, council, or committee of any of the foregoing.

"Public records" also includes all records relating to the investment of public funds including but not limited to investment policies, instructions, trading orders or contracts, whether in the custody of the public body responsible for the public funds or a fiduciary or other third party."

RECORD CREATION AND MAINTENANCE

Records are created and maintained to facilitate memory. City officials cannot reasonably be expected to remember every fact relative to the City's business. Records, once created or received, must be maintained in unaltered condition in order to afford reliable authority for subsequent business of the government.

MANAGING RECORDS

As a municipal government, the City conducts a large amount of business that must be recorded. Accumulation of records of already transacted business (inactive records) can overwhelm available storage space and hamper retrieval of both active and inactive records.

Furthermore, records of business already transacted can prove both legally and financially burdensome, since records must be produced when requested. Retrieving records can be difficult if record management is not done properly.

Some records of business already transacted remain permanently valuable to the City due to their content, but most records are of no further use once the documented matter has been transacted and routine audit, legal and administrative uses have been completed.

Management of records allows records to be routinely maintained for legally accountable periods of time and affords documentation that the records were maintained, then destroyed routinely, under those scheduled record retention periods. Records that are managed routinely and consistently from the time of their creation through their final disposition favor efficient use of those resources allocated for record keeping.

RECORD SERIES DEFINED

A record series is a body of records maintained in performance of an official function and generally filed together due to the relationship of the records. A record series is ongoing in that records are added to the file as long as the official function documented in the record series continues to be performed.

Usually the components of a records series (i.e., files, electronic records, databases, etc.) are filed together and separately from records documenting other functions. For example, claims are generally filed with claims, and minutes of the city council will be filed together in the city council minutes file. Claims and city council minutes would constitute two distinct record series.

RETENTION AND DISPOSITION SCHEDULES

A record series retention and disposition schedule is a formal statement of the period of time records must be retained in order to fulfill routine fiscal, legal, administrative and historical needs for the records. Retention and disposition schedules are developed through analysis of those fiscal, legal, administrative and historical needs for determination of the necessary routine retention. Records are then scheduled for appropriate retention and final disposition.

USING RECORD RETENTION AND DISPOSITION SCHEDULES

The retention schedule for a record series is set up to correspond to the time frame in which that record series actually accrues, whether that be fiscal year or calendar year. The City of Cresco has chosen fiscal year end for the cut off for financial information, such as claims. Claims for that entire fiscal year would be retained for five years after the fiscal year, then destroyed, and claims for succeeding fiscal years would be retained for five years after the close of each of those respective fiscal years. In this way, the physical process of destroying records is simplified. The records to be destroyed together are kept together until the scheduled destruction date, and the entire destruction can be documented as having been performed at the appropriate time.

RECORD DISPOSITION

Disposition is the final outcome of records retention, whether for destruction or permanent retention. Most records are scheduled to be destroyed after all normal legal, administrative and fiscal needs for the record have expired. Those needs expire in very short time for many record series, and for certain other records series those needs continue for much longer periods of time. In either case, the records are to be destroyed once the needs for retaining the records have been met.

For a few records series, however, permanent retention is the scheduled final disposition. Permanent retention is a commitment to preserve the record series without end. Only a portion of all record series have such historical value.

A record series allowed to accrue for years wastes storage space, is difficult to use and can become a legal liability. Only records scheduled for permanent retention can be allowed to accrue without routine destruction.

DESTROYING RECORDS

The record series retention and disposition schedule, duly adopted and approved by the City Council, formally governs retention and final disposition of records. Adherence to scheduled periods of retention results in consistent, routine disposition of records. Only in instances where exceptional needs can be clearly identified and specified, such as for outstanding or pending litigation for which specific records series are needed, should records be retained beyond the scheduled period of retention.

PERMANENT RETENTION

This Record Policy retention and disposition schedule indicates which records series are to be retained permanently as archives of the City of Cresco. Generally, records documenting the development of city policy (for example, council minutes) have permanent value for the history of the City and also for the history of the geographic area encompassed by the City. Records to be preserved as archives should be protected from extremes of temperature and humidity, light, rough handling, animals and other conditions that may accelerate their deterioration.

RETAINING ELECTRONIC AND NON-PAPER RECORDS

The record series retention and disposition schedules apply to all forms of the record. Whether paper or electronic, all records are destroyed or preserved in accordance to the record series retention and disposition schedules. The form of the record does not exempt it from application of the schedule. Content and documentary purpose, rather than the physical form in which the record is maintained, define the record series.

MODIFYING A RECORD RETENTION PLAN

The retention periods indicated in this policy have been approved by the City Council. Changes to this policy must be approved by the City Council. Once legally adopted, the modified record series retention and disposition schedule governs disposition of the record series, and adherence to the schedule is necessary for legal accountability.

THE FIVE STEPS OF RECORDS MANAGEMENT

Records management can be defined as the systematic control of records from the time of their creation or receipt, through their organization and maintenance, to their ultimate disposition. First, public records are public property, owned by the citizens, and in most cases, they are open to public scrutiny. Second, some public records protect the rights of the City and its citizens, and for this they deserve special care. Third, public records often have historical value, because they document the development of the community. Therefore, ensuring public access, protecting legal rights and preserving historical information are important goals of a records management program in city government.

STEP 1: CONDUCT AN INVENTORY

To begin, the City of Cresco had to find out what records it has stored, not only in active office space, but also in the basement vaults, computers, mobile devices, servers or any other place where inactive records have been stashed over the years. The details recorded at this stage should include the record's title, the time span the complete record encompasses, a physical description of the record (letters and legal papers, databases, GIS systems, maps, electronic documents, etc.), location of the records, equipment currently used to store the record, the amount of space a record occupies, and the frequency of staff reference to the record. Most of these items are simply factual descriptions. "Bond issue correspondence" successfully labels a type of records for most inventory purposes.

STEP 2: APPRAISE THE RECORDS

The purpose of this appraisal process is to establish the value of a record series in preparation for the next step, deciding how long to keep it. This step may involve research into statutory and audit requirements as well as interviews with city officials in all departments about the current and future values of records in their areas. In order to appraise records in an orderly manner, the following criteria are used:

ADMINISTRATIVE VALUE

These records establish policy or document operations. Those that document policy (minutes or resolutions for example) usually have a long-term value. Those that document operations (personnel time sheets or monthly reports) usually have value for a relatively short length of time.

LEGAL VALUE

These records document the rights and obligations of the city and its citizens. Examples are records showing the basis for an action (legal decisions and opinions), documents representing legal agreements (leases, titles, contracts), and records of action in particular cases (claims, dockets). Retention periods can be dictated by the legal statute of limitations or the term of the agreement, in which case the retention period would be relatively short. If the record documents long-term legal rights and obligations, however, retention is usually permanent.

FISCAL VALUE

These records document the day-to-day financial transactions of the City, as well as long-term financial planning and policy. Records that show financial transactions generally have a relatively short-term value determined by the audit period or specific law. Records that document financial policy usually have a longer-lasting value.

HISTORICAL VALUE

Records with historical value may have a future research use, despite the fact that the original administrative, legal or fiscal value no longer exists. They are permanently valuable to the City because they document development of policy and/or the growth of the community. The historical value of a record is often the most difficult quality to determine.

STEP 3: SCHEDULE THE RECORDS

A decision is made on how long to keep each record series. This information is compiled into a record series retention and disposition schedule that names a record series and states its retention period. Although the record series retention and disposition schedules may be revised in the future, they form the basis of the records management program.

STEP 4: ORGANIZE THE RECORDS

In the active office area, the filing system used for current records may be adequate, but if changes are needed they should be made during the organization of records. At this time files should be weeded of valueless paper and non-current records should be removed for storage in inactive areas.

- 1. Store records of the same record series together.
- 2. Store records with the same retention period together.
- 3. Destroy valueless records based on the retention and disposition schedules.
- 4. Label the remaining records in a clear, consistent manner.
- 5. Prepare a list or index identifying what and where records are stored and make this information available to all departments.
- 6. Clean the storage area, and make the records easily accessible.

STEP 5: IMPLEMENT THE PROGRAM

Implementation of the program means repeating the organizational step often. On almost a daily basis, new records will enter the system. They should be adequately labeled and logically filed at that time. On an annual basis, the record series retention and disposition schedules should be checked. Non-current records should be removed from active files, reviewed, consolidated, labeled and indexed before storing them in inactive areas. Records scheduled for destruction should be removed and destroyed.

MANAGING FINANCIAL RECORDS

Like all other government records, electronic records are subject to requirements of *Code of Iowa* Chapter 22 "Examination of Public Records" and litigation. As with all records, the City must ensure that they are retaining, managing and destroying their electronic records in a proper fashion.

ELECTRONIC RECORDS DEFINED

An electronic record is information recorded by a computer or other electronic device that is produced or received in the initiation, conduct or completion of the City or individual activity. Examples of electronic records include: email and text messages, word-processed documents, electronic spreadsheets, digital

images and databases. Many electronic records are maintained as part of an electronic recordkeeping system, such as geographic information systems (GIS), digital image storage systems, computer aided design (CAD) systems and electronic commerce systems.

ELECTRONIC RECORDS AS PUBLIC RECORDS

Electronic records are public records if they are created or received as part of performing official duties and fall under *Code of Iowa* Chapter 22.

All electronic records that are created, received or stored by the City are the property of the City; they are not the property of its employees, vendors or customers. Employees should have no expectation of privacy when using the City's computers and electronic devices.

USE OF HOME COMPUTER OR PERSONAL DEVICE

Records created in the performance of an official function must be managed the same way as those created and received using government computer resources. This holds true when a home computer or personal device is used to create or receive city records.

ELECTRONIC RECORDS UNDER CODE OF IOWA CHAPTER 22 & DURING LITIGATION
Electronic records might be released in accordance with Code of Iowa Chapter 22 or during the discovery
process. Computers and electronic devices are provided to employees for conducting public business.
Employees should be prepared to provide access to their electronic records to their supervisor or the

Employees should be prepared to provide access to their electronic records to their supervisor or the City's attorney under these circumstances. Electronic records that are created using home computers that are related to public business might also be released in accordance with *Code of Iowa* Chapter 22.

EMPLOYEE RESPONSIBILITIES WITH ELECTRONIC RECORDS

City employees are responsible for organizing their electronic records so they can be located and used. They are also responsible for using an approved record series retention and disposition schedule to identify how long electronic records must be kept and when or if they can be deleted.

APPLICATION OF RETENTION AND DISPOSITION TO ELECTRONIC RECORDS

Record series retention and disposition schedules apply to electronic records.

STORING ELECTRONIC RECORDS

Electronic records must be retained in accordance with a record series retention and disposition schedule, so it is very important that the database be listed on a schedule. The schedule will tell you how long to keep the older data and will help you design the new computer system to purge data at the appropriate time. Note: Electronic records cannot be destroyed if they have been requested under *Code of Iowa* Chapter 22, or if they are part of ongoing litigation, even if their retention period has expired.

Many electronic records need to be kept longer than the original technology that was used to create them. Each time technology upgrades and changes occur, City staff should be aware of the existence and location of older electronic records so they can be migrated to the new technology.

DELETING ELECTRONIC RECORDS

Individual City employees are responsible for deleting electronic records in accordance with the appropriate record series retention and disposition schedule. Deleted electronic records, however, may be stored on backup systems for several days, weeks or months after they are deleted. Note: Electronic records cannot be destroyed if they have been requested under *Code of Iowa* Chapter 22, or if they are part of ongoing litigation, even if their retention period has expired.

Schedule 1: Administrative and Legal Records

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
I.Council Proceedings		
A. Minutes		
Official Copy	Permanent	Code of Iowa, 372.13(5). Also continuing legal, administrative and historical value.
2. Working Copies	As long as administratively useful; then destroy	Administrative value ends
3. Index	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
4. Audio Recordings of Closed Sessions	1 year from date of meeting; unless required to retain due to pending legislation	Code of Iowa, 21.5(4). Administrative and legal value ends.
5. Agendas	5 years	Administrative value ends
B. Ordinances		
1. Current code	Permanent	Code of Iowa, 372.13(5). Also continuing legal, administrative and historical value.
2. Superseded Code	Two copies permanent	Continuing historical value
3. Index	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
4. Individual Copies of Ordinances for Disbursement	Until superseded; then destroy	Administrative and legal value ends
C. Resolutions		
1. Official Copy	Permanent	Code of Iowa, 372.13(5). Also continuing legal, administrative and historical value.
2. Working Copies	As long as administratively useful; then destroy	Administrative value ends
3. Index	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
D. Affidavits of Publication		
I. Re: Budget	Until audited or 5 years	Fiscal and legal value ends
2. Re: Ordinances	Until recodification	Fiscal and legal value ends
3. Re: Bond Issues	Permanent	Continuing legal and historical value
l, Others	5 years	Fiscal and legal value ends
I. Real Property		The same same same
A. Title Documents		
. Deeds	Permanent	Code of Iowa, 372.13(5). Also continuing legal, administrative and historical value.
2. Title Opinions	Permanent	Code of Iowa, 372.13(5). Also continuing legal, administrative and historical value.

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
3. Abstracts and	Permanent	Code of Iowa, 372.13(5). Also continuing
Certificates of Title		legal, administrative and historical value.
4. Title Insurance	Permanent	Code of Iowa, 372.13(5). Also continuing legal, administrative and historical value.
5. Condemnation	Permanent	Code of Iowa, 372.13(5). Also continuing
Proceedings		legal, administrative and historical value.
B. Easements and/or Right of Way Agreements	Permanent	Code of Iowa, 372.13(5). Also continuing legal, administrative and historical value.
C. Plats (legal descriptions, maps, plat books, both current and outdated)	Permanent	Code of Iowa, 372.13(5). Also continuing legal, administrative and historical value.
D. Vacations/Alterations of Plat	Permanent	Code of Iowa, 372.13(5). Also continuing legal, administrative and historical value.
E. Annexation Files	Permanent	Code of Iowa, 372.13(5). Also continuing legal, administrative and historical value.
III. Permits and Licenses		regar, wantimistrative and historical variee.
A. Cigarette	5 years	Administrative and legal value ends
B. Liquor and Beer	5 years	Administrative and legal value ends
C. Restaurant	5 years	Administrative and legal value ends
D. Miscellaneous Business	5 years	Administrative and legal value ends
(peddler, taxi, etc.)		statistical to did logal value onds
E. Special Events (parades,	5 years	Administrative and legal value ends
festivals, etc.)		
IV. General		
A. Accidents on City Property Involving City		
1. Claims Settled out of Court	10 years after settlement	Legal value ends
2. Court Decisions	Permanent	Continuing legal value
B. Bids		
1. Accepted	5 years	Legal and fiscal value ends
2. Rejected	5 years or 1 year after audit	Legal and fiscal value ends
C. Blueprints or Plans for City-Owned Structures	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
D. Contracts or Agreements for Services, Purchases of Equipment or Supplies, Concessions	10 years after expirations	Legal value ends
E. Correspondence	As long as administratively useful; appraise for permanent retention	Possible long-term administrative use and historical value
F. Daily Diaries or Logs (appointment calendars, telephone or radio logs, task lists, etc.)	5 years	Administrative value ends
G. Equipment Records		
1. Inventories	While current	Administrative value ends

rd Title	Retention Period	Reason
2. Maintenance History	Life of equipment	Administrative value ends
3. Cost of operation summaries	5 years	Administrative value ends
4. Information Service Records		
a. Computer equipment inventory	While current	Administrative value ends
b. Telephone	5 years	Administrative value ends
c. Depreciation reports and records	5 years	Administrative value ends
d. Vendor information	5 years	Administrative value ends
H. Franchise Agreements	5 years after expiration; appraise for permanent retention	Legal value ends; possible continuing historical and legal value
I. Insurance Policies	5 years after expiration	Legal value ends
J. Leases	7 years after expiration; appraise for permanent retention	Legal value ends; possible continuing historical and legal value
K. Legal Actions	, 4,4110111	
Civil Lawsuits and Administrative Law Proceedings	5 years after closure	Administrative and legal value ends
2. Criminal and Municipal Infraction CasesClosed	5 years	Administrative value ends
3. Civil Case – Closed	5 years	Administrative value ends
4. Citations	5 years	Administrative value ends
L. Legal Opinions		
1. Informal Opinions	5 years	Administrative and legal value ends
2. Formal Opinions	Permanent	Continuing legal value
M. Maps, Current and Outdated (road, street, zoning, park, flood plain, topography, utilities, etc.)	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
N. Minutes of Boards and Commissions	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historica value
O. Notices Sent to Citizens to Comply with Ordinances (including nuisance abatement notices)	5 years after disposition	Administrative and legal value ends
P. Petitions from Citizens	5 years after issue closed; appraise significant issues for permanent retention	Administrative and legal value ends; possible historical value

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
Q. Promotional Materials		
1. City Newsletters	Permanent	Continuing historical value
2. Advertising Contracts	5 years	Administrative and legal value ends
3. Press Releases	5 years	Administrative value ends
4. Pamphlets, Brochures	Appraise for permanent retention	Possible historical value
5. Newspaper Clippings	Permanent	Continuing historical value
R. Photos, Scrapbooks	Appraise for permanent retention	Possible historical value
S. Reports from Departments		
1. Monthly	5 years	Administrative value ends
2. Annual	Permanent	Continuing historical value
T. Studies, Surveys		
1. From an Outside Source	As long as administratively useful	Administrative value ends
Pertaining Directly to City	Appraise for permanent retention	Possible historical value
U. Election Records		
 Precinct Maps, Current and Outdated 	Permanent	Continuing historical value
2. City Elections		
a. Election Petitions	Permanent	Continuing historical value
b. Abstracts	Permanent	Continuing historical value
V. Police & Fire Retirement Records		
A. Minutes of the Board	Permanent	Continuing administrative, legal and historical value
B. Reports		
. Actuary	5 years	Fiscal value ends
2. Investment	5 years	Fiscal value ends
3. Fund	5 years	Fiscal value ends
C. Case File (actions, appeals, lecisions)	Permanent	Continuing administrative, legal and historical value
VI. Finance/Purchasing Records		
A. Leases		
. Agreements and Related Documents Acted on by Council	Upon expiration, 5-year minimum	Administrative value ends
	5 years after expiration, 5-year minimum	Administrative value ends
3. Purchase Orders		
or a condo orders		

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
1. Purchase Orders	10 years after order date or life of purchase	Administrative value ends
2. Change Orders	10 years after order date	Administrative value ends
C. Bids, Quotes and Proposals		
1. Official Copy, Bid/ Proposal RFP	10 years after completion of contract	Administrative value ends
2. Copies of Bids Received and Related Documents for Public Improvement Projects and Acted on by Council	10 years after completion of contract; accepted bids retained permanently	Administrative value ends; continuing administrative value
3. Copies of Bids Received and Related Documents for Fleet Equipment Acted on by Council	Lifetime of equipment; unaccepted bids: 1 year after acceptance of winning bid	Administrative value ends
4. Copies of Bids Received and Related Documents for Other Equipment and Service Projects Acted on by Council	10 years after completion of contract; unaccepted bids: 1 year after acceptance of winning bid	Administrative value ends
 Originals of Bids, Quotes and Proposals Received for Contracts Not Awarded by Council 	10 years after completion of contract except: fleet equipment and buses; lifetime of equipment and other capital equipment; 10 years after completion of contract or upon expiration of warranty, whichever is more	Administrative, grant and warranty issues are active until equipment is taken out of service.
D. Printing Charges	5 years	Administrative value ends
E. Central Stores		
 Stocks of Material Safety Data Sheets for Distribution 	30 years after last use	Administrative value ends
2. Issue Slips	After audit completion or at least 5 yrs	Administrative value ends
F. Materials Inventory Records		
1. Issue Records	5 years	Administrative value ends
2. Receipt Records	5 years	Administrative value ends
O . TO 1	After audit completion or at least 5 years	Administrative value ends
7 1 7	After audit completion or at least 5 years	Administrative value ends
	After audit completion or at least 5 years	Administrative value ends
M ' .1.71 . TS . 1	After audit completion or at least 5 years	Administrative value ends

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
7. Year-end Materials Inventory Summary	After audit completion or at least 5 years	Administrative value ends
G. Inter-Department Charges		
1. Fax Charges	After audit completion	Administrative value ends
2. City Hall Copier Readings	After audit completion	Administrative value ends

Schedule 2: Financial Records

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
I. Revenue		
A. Notice of Property Tax Allocation from County	5 years	Fiscal value ends
B. Notice of Liquor Tax Allocation from State	5 years	Fiscal value ends
C. Property Tax Assessment Books	Permanent	Continuing historical value
D. Federal Revenue Sharing Records	5 years	Fiscal value ends
E. Investments (Notice of interest earned or reports of growth, dividends, purchase, sales, etc.)	5 years	Fiscal value ends
F. Parking Revenue		
1. Income from Meters and Lots (daily receipts, monthly summaries, ledgers, deposit slips)	5 years	Fiscal value ends
2. Income from Violations (ticket copies, logs, daily receipts, monthly summaries, deposit slips)	5 years	Fiscal value ends
G. Road Use Tax Funds		
1. Application for Financial Aid (Forms 230001, 230002, agreement, invoices, payment wouchers, certificate of audit)	5 years	Fiscal value ends
2. Annual Street Finance Report	5 years	Fiscal value ends
(Form RUT 1-A, 220001, 220002)	5 years	Fiscal value ends
I. Aerial Street Maps	Permanent	Continuing historical value
H. Claims for Refunds of State Sales Tax	5 years	Fiscal value ends

Schedule 2: Financial Records, Continued

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
I. Claims for Refunds of State Fuel Tax	5 years	Fiscal value ends
J. Special Assessments		
Certified Mail Stubs from Notice to Property Owners	5 years after final payment	Fiscal and legal value ends
2. Assessment Title Searches	5 years	Fiscal and legal value ends
3. Preliminary and Fiscal Assessment Schedules	5 years after final payment	Fiscal and legal value ends
4. Petition and Waiver (agreements to special assessments)	5 years after final payment	Fiscal and legal value ends
5. Assessment Plats	5 years after final payment	Fiscal and legal value ends
6. Certificate of Levy and Final Assessment	5 years after final payment	Fiscal and legal value ends
K. Bond Issues and Proceedings		
1. Bond Certificates	5 years after final recall	Fiscal value ends
2. Redeemed Coupons	5 years after final recall	Fiscal value ends
3. Bond Register	Permanent	Code of Iowa, 372.13(5). Also continuing administrative, legal and historical value.
4. Proceedings (notice and call of public meeting, minutes and certificate of meeting, certificate of referendum, legal opinions)	Permanent	Code of Iowa, 372.13(5). Also continuing administrative, legal and historical value
5. Remittance Advice Received with Payments	5 years	Fiscal value ends
L. Records of Federally Funded Public Improvement Projects applications, contracts, accounting and banking records, bayroll, EEO compliance records). Also see Schedule 4, Public Works Records	5 years after final payment, if audited	Fiscal value ends
I. Accounting		
A. Source Documents		
. Accounts Payable		
. Requisitions	5 years	Fiscal value ends
. Purchase orders	5 years	Fiscal value ends
. Invoices, statements, bills	5 years	Fiscal value ends
l. Claims presented to council	5 years	Fiscal value ends
. Check/warrant copies/stubs	5 years	Fiscal value ends

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
f. Vendor ledger cards	5 years	Fiscal value ends
2. Accounts Receivable		
a. Receipt copies or books	5 years	Fiscal value ends
b. Daily cash receipt tabulation (cash register tapes, tallies, etc.)	5 years	Fiscal value ends
c. Invoices, statements, bills	5 years	Fiscal value ends
B. Books of Original Entry		
1. Receipt Journal	10 years	Fiscal value ends
2. Disbursement Journal	10 years	Fiscal value ends
3. General Journal	10 years	Fiscal value ends
4. Appropriations Journal	10 years	Fiscal value ends
C. Ledgers		
1. General Ledger	Permanent	Continuing fiscal value
2. Subsidiary Revenue Ledger Cards	10 years	Fiscal value ends
Subsidiary Appropriation/Expenditure Cards	10 years	Fiscal value ends
III. Banking		
A. Checking Account Statements	5 years	Fiscal value ends
B. Check/Warrant Register (same as Disbursement Journal, above)	10 years	Fiscal value ends
C. Cancelled Checks/Warrants	5 years	Fiscal value ends
D. Savings Account Statements	5 years	Fiscal value ends
E. Reconciliation Worksheets	5 years	Fiscal value ends
IV. Financial Reports		
A. Annual Financial Report	Permanent	Continuing fiscal value
B. Treasurer's/Clerk's Report	5 years	Fiscal value ends
C. Sales Tax & Use Tax Reports	5 years	Statute of limitations on audit
D. Grant Reports	5 years after audit; 7 yrs if not audited; grant terms if not stated therein	Fiscal value ends
V. Audits	Permanent	Continuing fiscal value
VI. Budget		-
A. Appropriation Requests from Departments	5 years	Fiscal value ends
B. Annual Budget Forms	5 years	Fiscal value ends
C. Final Budget and Certificate Summary	2 copies permanent	Continuing fiscal and historical value
D. Budget Amendments	2 copies permanent	Continuing fiscal and historical value

Schedule 3: Payroll and Personnel Records

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
I. Payroll		
A. Payroll Journal (shows name, SSN, earnings, deductions, net pay/period and yearly totals)	60 years	Fiscal value ends (satisfies long-term need for future salary and pension inquiries)
B. Payroll Support Documents	5 years	Fiscal value ends
C. Federal Reporting Forms		
1. W-2, W-3, W-4	5 years	Fiscal value ends
2. 941E Quarterly Report	5 years	Fiscal value ends
3. Copy of Deposit Card	5 years	Fiscal value ends
4. 1099, 1096	5 years	Fiscal value ends
D. State Reporting Forms		
1. Withholding Agents Reports	5 years	Fiscal value ends
2. Job Service Report	5 years	Fiscal value ends
3. Copy of Deposit Card	5 years	Fiscal value ends
4. IPERS	5 years	Fiscal value ends
5. MFPRSI	5 years	Fiscal value ends
II. Payroll		
A. Individual Employee File		
1. Job Description and History	Permanent	Continuing historical value
2. Application and Resume	60 years	Administrative value ends (satisfies long- term need for future inquiries)
3. Civil Service Test, Scores, Placement	60 years	Administrative value ends
4. Evaluations, Discipline, Demotion, Promotion, Awards	60 years	Administrative value ends
5. Continuing Education	60 years	Administrative value ends
6. Medical Information (separate file)	60 years	Administrative value ends
Leaving	60 years	Administrative value ends
	60 years	Administrative value ends
	5 years	Fiscal value ends
	Through closure plus 1 year	Fiscal value ends
Insurance, Savings Bonds, Etc.	While current	Administrative value ends
B. Applications – Ppl Not Hired	5 years	Administrative value ends

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
C. Civil Service Records		
1. Minutes of the Board or	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical
Commission		value
2. Roster of Eligible Applicants	5 years	Administrative value ends
3. Case Files (actions, appeals,	10 years	Legal value ends
decisions)		
D. Equal Employment Opport.		
1. EEO-4 Report	5 years	Administrative value ends
2. Plans		
a. City's	5 years	Administrative value ends
b. Potential contractors'	5 years	Administrative value ends
E. Health Ins. Payments, Claims	5 years	Administrative and fiscal value ends
1. Employer's Report	5 years	Administrative and fiscal value ends
2. OSHA Report	5 years	Administrative and fiscal value ends
3. Workers' Compensation	2 years from date of occurrence which	Code of Iowa, 85.26. Legal value ends.
Reports	benefits are claimed or 3 yrs from last	code of fowa, 85.20. Legal value ends.
	pmt of weekly compensation benefits	
F. Union Records		
1. Negotiations	As long as administratively useful;	Administrative value ends. Possible
	then appraise for permanent retention	historical value.
2. Contracts	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
3. Fact Finding and Arbitration	5 years minimum then appraise for	Administrative value ends. Possible
Cases	permanent retention	historical value.
4. Case Files (actions, appeals,	10 years then appraise for permanent	Legal value ends. Possible historical
	retention	value.
G. Public Service (PSE)	5 years	Administrative and fiscal value ends
Contracts, Claims, Etc.		
H. Miscellaneous		
Classification Studies	5 years	Administrative value ends. Appraise for possible historical value.
2. Compensation Surveys	5 years	Administrative value ends. Appraise for possible historical value.
3. Administrative Studies	5 years	Administrative value ends. Appraise for
	5 yours	possible historical value.
4. Job Specifications	Permanent	Continuing historical value
5. Personnel Policies, Pay Plans, Etc.	Permanent	Continuing historical value.
6. Internal Investigation	10 years	Administrative and legal value ends. Appraise for possible historical value.

Schedule 4: Public Works Records

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
I. General Records Common to Engineering and Planning & Zoning Departments		
A. Annexation Files	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
B. Maps, Current and Outdated (road, street, zoning, park, flood plain, topography, utilities, etc.)	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
C. Plats (subdivision, annexation, assessors, legal descriptions, plat books)	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
D. Studies or Surveys		
1. From Outside Source	As long as administratively useful	Administrative value ends
2. Pertaining to City	Appraise for permanent retention	Possible historical value
E. Subdivision Files	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
II. Engineering Records		
A. Blueprints or Plans of City- Owned Structures	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
B. Bridge Records (inspection and maintenance)	Life of structure	Administrative value ends
C. Capital Improvement Projects		
. Authorization Phase	5 years	Administrative value ends
n. Minutes of Hearing, Clerk's Certificate, Resolutions	Permanent (part of minute and resolution books)	Continuing legal and historical value
b. Specifications	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
instructions to bidders, bid, bid bond, performance bond, certificate of insurance)		Fiscal and legal value ends
d. Contract	Life of structure	Administrative and legal value ends
2. Financing Phase	See Schedule 2, Financing Records	
a. Special Assessments, Bond Ssues, State or Federal Grants		
3. Pre-Construction Phase		
	5 years after project completed; if project not initiated, retain as administratively useful	Administrative and fiscal value ends

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
b. Environmental Impact Surveys	5 years	Administrative value ends
c. Historical Surveys of Buildings	Appraise for permanent retention	Possible historical value
d. Relocation Files	5 years after final payment	Administrative and fiscal value ends
e. Condemnation Files	Permanent	Continuing legal and historical value
f. Demolition Files	Permanent	Continuing legal and historical value
4. Construction Phase		
a. Work Orders	5 yrs after project completed, if audited	Administrative and fiscal value ends
b. Daily Diaries	5 yrs after project completed, if audited	Administrative and fiscal value ends
c. Payroll Records	5 yrs after project completed, if audited	Administrative and fiscal value ends
d. Change Orders	5 yrs after project completed, if audited	Administrative and fiscal value ends
e. Cement or Other Purchases	5 yrs after project completed, if audited	Administrative and fiscal value ends
f. Inspections, Testing	5 yrs after project completed, if audited	Administrative and fiscal value ends
g. Progress Reports	5 yrs after project completed, if audited	Administrative and fiscal value ends
h. Pay Requests	5 yrs after project completed, if audited	Administrative and fiscal value ends
i. Blueprints, Tracings	Permanent	Administrative and fiscal value ends
i. Certificate of Completion and Acceptance	Permanent	Administrative and fiscal value ends
D. Deeds, Easements or Right of Way Agreements	Permanent	Continuing legal and historical value
E. Landy Survey Results		
1. Field Notes		Continuing administrative and historical value
2. Benchmark Books	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
F. Photos, Aerials		Administrative value ends; possible historical value
G. Profile and Grade Books		Continuing administrative and historical value
H. Reports to City Council		7. YA W Y
. Monthly	5 years	Administrative value ends
2. Annual	Permanent	Continuing historical value
II. Planning & Zoning Records		-
A. Case Files		
. Zoning Variance Requests and Decisions	10 years after settlement	Administrative and legal value ends
2. Non-compliance Violations	10 years after settlement	Administrative and legal value ends

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
3. Decisions and Orders	Permanent	Continuing administrative, historical and legal value
B. Community Development		
Urban Renewal, HUD Block Grant	See Capital Improvement Projects in this schedule	
2. Public Housing		
a. Applications, Correspondence, Records of Ineligibility, Determinations, Tenant Files	5 years after case closed	Administrative value ends. (Federal Register, Guide to Record Retention Requirements suggests 3 year retention.)
C. General Planning (comprehensive plan, land use, open space, recreation, capital impr,regional,transportation,etc.)	As long as administratively useful; appraise for permanent retention	Administrative value ends; possible historical value
D. Minutes of the Board or Commission	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
E. Rosters of Previous Board or Commission Members	Permanent	Continuing historical value
F. Reports to City Council		
1. Monthly	5 years	Administrative value ends
2. Annual	Permanent	Continuing historical value
IV. Building Inspection Records		
A. Building/Site Plans		
1. Residential	5 years	Administrative value ends
2. Commercial	Life of structure	Long-term administrative value
3. Rental	5 years	Administrative value ends
B. Case Files, Brd of Adjustmnt	10 years after disposition	Administrative and legal value ends
C. Inspection Records		
1. Card or Address File	5 years	Administrative value ends
2. Reports	5 years	Administrative value ends
3. Log Books	Permanent	Continuing administrative and legal value
D. License Records(electricians/plumbers/mechanical)	60 years	Long-term administrative and legal value
E. Minutes of the Board of Adjustment	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
F. Permits (or application, whichever has most info; building, plumbing, heating, A/C, electrical, sewer, excavation, demolition, occupancy, street, sidewalk)	Permanent	Continuing administrative value
G. Reports to City Council		
	5 years	Administrative value ends
2. Annual	Permanent	Continuing historical value

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
V. Maintenance of Streets and Grounds		
A. Complaints	5 years after disposition	Administrative value ends
B. Daily Diaries or Logs (appointment calendars, telephone or radio logs, task lists, etc.)	5 years	Administrative value ends
C. Equipment		
1. Inventories	While current	Administrative value ends
2. Maintenance	Life of equipment	Administrative value ends
3. Cost of Operation Summaries	5 years	Administrative and fiscal value ends
D. Purchasing	See Schedule 2, Financial Records (Accounts Payable)	
1. Fuel Consumption Records	5 years	Fiscal value ends
2. Fuel, Gravel, Sand, Hauling, etc.	5 years	Fiscal value ends
E. Reports to City Council		
1. Monthly	5 years	Administrative value ends
2. Annual	Permanent	Continuing historical value
F. Work Orders	5 years	Administrative value ends

Schedule 5: Fire Department Records

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
A. Blueprints of Commercial Buildings	As long as administratively useful	Administrative value ends
B. Daily Diaries or Logs (appointment calendars, activity, radio, phone)	5 years	Administrative value ends
C. Equipment Records		
1. Inventories	5 years	Administrative value ends
2. Maintenance and Testing	5 years	Administrative value ends
D. Inspection Records		
1. Card File or Log Book with Results, Violations, Corrections	Life of structure	Administrative and legal value ends
2. Inspector Books, Copies of Inspection Certificates	5 years	Administrative value ends
E. Iowa Incident Reports	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
F. Investigation Files		
1. Arson	Permanent	Continuing administrative and legal value
2. Fire Deaths	Permanent	Continuing administrative and legal value

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
G. Log Book of Fires	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
H. Maps of Area Served	As long as administratively useful	Administrative value ends
I. Misc. Vehicle Run Reports	5 years	Administrative value ends
J. Roll Call or Minute Books	Permanent	Continuing historical value
K. Reports to City Council		
1. Monthly	5 years	Administrative value ends
2. Annual	Permanent	Continuing historical value
L. Rural Township Contract	5 years after expiration	Administrative and legal value ends
M. Photos, Dept History	Permanent	Continuing historical value
N. State Fire Marshall's Stats	As long as administratively useful	Administrative value ends

Schedule 6: Parks and Recreation Records

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
A. General		
1. Contracts, Agreements (concessions, services, equipment, personnel, facility use, projects)	10 years after expiration	Administrative and legal value ends
Minutes of the Board or Commission	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
3. Facilities, Buildings, Other Structures	Life of building or until sold	Administrative value ends
4. Equipment (inventories, maintenance)	Until equipment retired	Administrative value ends
5. Facilities, Park Maintenance, Pesticide Applicator Licenses	5 years minimum	Administrative value ends
B. Miscellaneous Records		
1. Program Files (class lists, rosters, score books, permission slips)	5 years	Administrative value ends
2. Reservation Records (shelter houses, facilities, building spaces, etc.)	5 years	Administrative value ends
3. State Sales Tax Return	5 years	Fiscal value ends
4. Promotional Materials	5 yrs; appraise for permanent retention	Possible historical value
5. Photos, Park History	Permanent	Continuing historical value
C. Swimming Pools & Other Enterprises - Charge Admission		
Daily Cash Receipts, Cash Register Tapes, Deposit Slips	5 years	Fiscal value ends
2. Record of Season Ticket Sales	5 years	Fiscal value ends

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
3. User Statistics	5 years	Administrative value ends
4. Department of Public Health Water Quality Tests	5 years	Administrative value ends
5. Material Safety Data Sheets	30 years after last use	OSHA required; administrative value ends
D. Reports to City Council		
1. Monthly	5 years	Administrative value ends
2. Annual	Permanent	Continuing historical value

Schedule 7: Airport Records

chedule /: Airport Records		
Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
A. Contracts or Leases	10 years after expiration	Administrative value ends
B. Correspondence with Regulatory Agencies, FAA or Iowa DOT (inspections, certification, correction of violations, etc.)	As long as administratively useful or until issue resolved; appraise for permanent retention	Administrative value ends; possible historical value
C. Facilities		
1. Land	See Schedule 1, Administrative and Legal Records, Title Documents	
2. Buildings, Runways, Other Structures	See Schedule 1, Administrative and Legal Records, Title Documents	
Equipment (inventories, maintenance)	See Schedule 1, Administrative and Legal Records, Title Documents	
D. Master Plans (5-10 year projections)	Until superseded; appraise for permanent retention	Administrative value ends; possible historical value
E. Minutes of the Board or Commission	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
F. Reports to City Council		
1. Monthly	5 years	Administrative value ends
2. Annual	Permanent	Continuing historical value

Schedule 8: Library Records

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
A. Circulation Records	5 years	Administrative value ends
B. Contracts for Service with Other Entities	10 years after expiration	Administrative value ends
C. Minutes of the Board	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
D. Purchasing	See Schedule 2, Financial Records, Accounts Payable	
E. Reports to City Council		
1. Monthly	5 years	Administrative value ends

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
2. Annual	Permanent	Continuing historical value
F. Report to State Library Commission	Permanent	Continuing historical value

Schedule 9: Housing Records

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
A. Planning		
1. Commercial Site Plans	180 days after completion of permitted work	International Building Code
2. Subdivision Plans	5 years after last final plat approval	Administrative value ends
3. PUD, P-C, P-1 Plans	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
4. LUPP Requests	5 years	Administrative value ends; possible historical value
5. Neighborhood Planning (sub- area plans, neighborhood liaison activities)		Administrative value ends; possible historical value
6. Historic Preservation Files	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
7. Permitted Home Occupation Files	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
B. Affordable Housing		
1. Home Buyer Files (applications, HUD settlement statements, purchase agreements, racial/ethnic documentation, rehabilitation contracts and documentation)	7-30 years or until property is sold	Administrative value ends
	5-year minimum after program completion and audit	Administrative value ends
3. Annual	Permanent	Continuing historical value

Schedule 10: Police Records

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
A. Permits		
1. Noise Permits	5 years	Administrative value ends
2. Keg Permits	5 years	Administrative value ends
B. Personnel		

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
Staff Meeting Minutes and Index	Permanent	Continuing administrative value
2. Personnel Records (discipline,		Administrative value ends
demotion, promotion, awards)	employment	
3. Personnel Training	5 years after termination of	Administrative value ends
Records	employment	
4. Significant Exposure and Insignificant Exposure Reports	Permanent	Continuing administrative value
5. Internal Affairs Investigations	Permanent	Continuing administrative value
6. Grievances/Responses	Permanent	Continuing administrative value
7. Outside-event Overtime	5 years	Administrative value ends
Requests, Assignments, Billings		
8. Policies and Procedures Manuals and Updates	Permanent	Continuing historical value
9. Detective Division Policies & Procedures Manual and Updates	Permanent	Continuing historical value
10. Field Training Officers Manual and Updates	Permanent	Continuing historical value
11. Dispatchers Policies and Procedures Manual and Updates	Permanent	Continuing historical value
12. Liability Release Forms	Permanent	Continuing historical and legal value
C. Records and Reports		
1. Studies/Surveys	5-year min, as long as administratively useful	Administrative value ends
2. Arrest Book	Permanent	Continuing administrative value
3. Trip Cards	7 years	Administrative value ends
I. State of Iowa Grant Reports	5-year min, deps on grant requirements	Administrative value ends
	5-year min, deps on grant requirements	
6. Investigation Reports		Continuing historical value
7. Accident Reports		Continuing historical value
3. Pawn Records	7 years	Administrative value ends
Arrest Records	Permanent (hard copy)	Continuing historical value
O. Accounting and Payroll	, 27,	
. Dept Employee Time Records	5 years	Administrative value ends
. Dept Acctg & Payroll Records		Administrative value ends

Schedule 11: Engineering Records

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
1. Annexation Maps	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
2. Plats of City-Owned Property and Easements Granted to City	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
3. Topography, Flood Plain Maps	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
4. Utility Location Maps and Plats	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
 As Built and Drawings of City Buildings, Streets, and Supporting Infrastructure 	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
6. Capital Improvement Project Specifications	5 years after project completed	Administrative and fiscal value ends
7. Capital Improvement Project Files	5 years after project completed	Administrative and fiscal value ends
8. Survey Notes	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
9. Benchmark Books	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
	30 years after last usage	OSHA requirement; administrative value ends
11. Nuclear Density Gauge Logs	Permanent	Permit requirement
12. Studies/Surveys	5 years	Possible historical value; appraise for permanent retention
	5 years after settlement	Administrative value ends
14. Daily Diaries or Logs (appointment calendar, activity, radio, phone)	5 years	Administrative value ends
Regulatory Agencies (inspections, certification, correction of violations)	5 years/permanent if correspondence serves as certification or evidence of correction of violations	Administrative value ends; appraise for possible historical value
16. Master Plans (5-10 yr projections)	Permanent	Continuing historical value

Schedule 12: Transit Records

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
A. Equipment and Maintenance		
1. Inventories	While current	Administrative value ends
2. Leases	Life of equipment	Fiscal value ends
3. Fuel Consumption	Permanent	Continuing fiscal value
4. Cost of Operation	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
5. Underground Tanks, Registration and Insurance	Permanent	Continuing administrative and fiscal value
B. Maps		
Time Schedules and Route Maps	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
C. Promotional Materials (pamphlets, brochures)	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
D. Financial Records and Reports		
1. Quarterly Reports	5 year minimum	Administrative value ends
2. Fuel Tax Reports	5 year minimum	Fiscal value ends
3. DBE/WBE Report	5 year minimum	Administrative value ends
1. Operating Grants	Life of structure, not less than 5 years	Fiscal value ends
5. Odometer Readings	Life of equipment	Administrative value ends
5. Time Sheets	5 years	Fiscal value ends
7. Material Safety Data Sheets	30 years after last usage	OSHA required; administrative value ends
B. Claims for Refunds of State Fuel Tax	5 years	Fiscal value ends

Schedule 13: Water Utility Records

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
A. General		
Minutes of the Board or Commission	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
2. Capital Improvement Projects	See Schedule 4, Public Works Records, Capital Improvement Projects	
a. Records relating to state and federal funding of planning and/or construction of water and wastewater facilities (correspondence, grant applications, approvals, wage determinations, adjustments)	5 years after completion	Administrative value ends

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
b. Records relating to con- struction of wastewater treatment facilities (applica- tions, permits, amendments, blueprints, complaints,	Permanent	Continuing administrative value
investigations, reports, Mu- nicipal Operation Permits)		
3. Operator's Certification	Length of employment	Administrative and legal value end
4. Valuations	Permanent	Continuing administrative, fiscal and historical value
5. Rate Surveys		
a. Monthly	3 years	Administrative value ends
b. Annual	Permanent	Continuing historical value
6. Report to IA Dept of Revenue	5 years	Administrative and fiscal value ends
B. System, Plant and Equipment		
Blueprints or Plans of Plant and System	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
2. Inventories (elevated water tanks, wells, pumps, engines, reservoirs, dams, pump stations, etc.)	While current	Administrative value ends
3. Equipment Records (water towers, wells, pumps, engines, tanks, reservoirs, dams, etc.)		
a. Inventories	While current	Administrative value ends
b. Maintenance History	Life of equipment	Administrative value ends
c. Depreciation	Life of equipment	Fiscal value ends
4. Maps of System	Permanent	Continuing administrative & historical value
5. Meter Records (location, esting, maintenance)	2 consecutive periodic tests or 2 yrs; if record made at retirement, retain 3 yrs	Iowa Administrative Code, 199-21.6(9); administrative value ends
5. Record of Ys	Permanent	Continuing administrative value
7. Valve Records	Permanent	Continuing administrative value
3. Water and Sewer Tap Records	Permanent	Continuing administrative value
C. Operations		
. Logs Indicating Pumping, Hours, Gallons, Chemicals Added, Maintenance, Testing	6 years	Administrative value ends
2. Recording Instrument Charts	5 years	Administrative value ends

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
3. Records Related to Operation Incl Correspondence, Permits (NPDES, pretreatment, disposal water/wastewater sludge, water supply, historical consumption, usage records, trouble calls)	s Permanent	Continuing historical and future projection value
4. Lab Records Supporting Lab Certification	7 years	Administrative value ends
5. IDNR Summary of Bacterial Analysis	7 years	Administrative value ends
6. Water Supply Monthly Operations Report	7 years	Administrative value ends
7. Operations Permits	Permanent	Continuing administrative value
D. Water Treatment		-
1. Bacteriological Analysis	5 years	US EPA, 40 CFR 141.33. Administrative value ends.
2. Chemical Analysis	10 years	US EPA, 40 CFR 141.33. Administrative value ends.
3. Actions Taken to Correct Violations of Primary Drinking Water Regulations	5 years	US EPA, 40 CFR 141.33. Administrative value ends.
4. Copies of Reports Relating to Sanitary Surveys of System	10 years	US EPA, 40 CFR 141.33. Administrative value ends.
Records Relating to Variances or Exemptions	5 years after expiration	US EPA, 40 CFR 141.33. Administrative value ends.
6. Record of Residuals Analysis and Disposal	5 years	US EPA, 40 CFR 141.33. Administrative value ends.
7. Flood Prediction and Monitoring Data	Permanent	Continuing historical and future projection value
8. Groundwater Level Monitoring Data	Permanent	Continuing historical and future projection value
E. Billing and Customer Services Records		
Application Forms for Hydrant Meters and Unauthorized Use of Water (without meter)	5 years	Administrative value ends
2. Job Orders	5 years	Administrative value ends
3. Complaints	5 years	Iowa Administrative Code, 199-21.4(10). Administrative value ends.
F. Meter Records		

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
Meter Testing and Maintenance Records (meter cards)	5 years after retirement of meter	Administrative value ends
2. Meter Location Records (address cards)	Permanent	Continuing historical value
G. Cross-Connection Control Records		
1. Facility/Customer Records (device test and facility survey forms; notifications for need for containment, testing, and noncompliance; assembly information and test log)	Permanent	Continuing administrative and historical value
2. Wastewater Treatment (record of monitoring activities and results)	3 years	Iowa Administrative Code, 567-63.2(3). Administrative value ends.
3. Billing and Customer Service Records		
a. Applications, Certifications, or Permits for Hook- up, Initiation of Service or Discontinuation of Service	3 years	Administrative value ends
b. Contracts for Service	1 year after expiration	Administrative value ends
c. Rate Schedules and Descriptions of Rate Computations	50 years	Administrative value ends
d. Job Orders	3 years	Administrative value ends
e. Complaints	3 years	Iowa Administrative <i>Code</i> , 199-21.4(10). Administrative value ends.
f. Meter Readings	2 consecutive periodic tests or at least 2 years	Iowa Administrative Code, 199-21.6(9). Administrative value ends.
g. Billing Records		
l) Stubs	5 years	Fiscal value ends
2) Receipts	5 years	Fiscal value ends
3) Daily Receipt Tabulations	5 years	Fiscal value ends
4) Cash Books (journals)	5 years	Fiscal value ends
5) Ledgers	5 years	Fiscal value ends
6) Summaries of Usage and Billing	5 years	Fiscal value ends

Record Title	Retention Period	Reason
7) Delinquent Account Lists	5 years	Fiscal value ends
8) Bad Debt Write-Offs	5 years	Fiscal value ends
9) Adjustment Postings or Books	1 year	Fiscal value ends
10) Records of Customer Deposits and Refunds	7 years after abandonment of service	Fiscal value ends
11) Record of Unclaimed Refunds	l year	Code of Iowa, 556.4. Legal and fiscal value ends.